




## 00

If the larger number symbol is followed by a smaller number symbol you must add the two together. You also add if the two symbols are the same.

For example:
$\mathbf{X I}=10+1=11$
VIII $=5+3=8$
XIX $=10+9=19$

What are these numbers?

| MC | 1100 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | DC |
| 600 |  |
|  | $5 V$ |



## 00

If a smaller number symbol is followed by a larger number symbol you must subtract the small number from the large one.

For example:
$9=10-1=$ IX
$40=50-10=\mathbf{X L}$
CD $(500-100=400)$




